

Condenser Aluminum Anode

Condenser aluminum anodes typically utilize an Al–Zn–In activating formulation (with trace additions of Sn/Cd/Mg). They function by forming and maintaining an activatable surface in seawater/brackish water, operating at a stable potential of approximately –1.05 to –1.10 V (vs. CSE) as a sacrificial anode. Through micro-cell current, they polarize carbon steel tube sheets/water chambers into the protective range, mitigating pitting and crevice corrosion. Characterized by high capacitance, low density, and high output per unit mass (lightweight), they are well-suited for seawater/brackish water cooling systems with high conductivity, enabling efficient multi-point deployment and long-term maintenance for large-scale condensers.



KEY FEATURES

- 1.Highest current output per unit weight
- 2.Lightweight, ideal for large marine structures
- 3.Moderate driving voltage, safer operation
- 4.Relatively controllable cost, suitable for mass production of large castings
- 5.Stable potential in seawater and brine

PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

Shape: Rod / Round bar / Ring / Plate (customizable)

Length: 200 mm - 1000 mm

Width / Diameter: 50 mm - 200 mm

Steel Core: Diameter 5 - 20 mm, material: low carbon steel

Mounting Type: Welded / Threaded / Bracket mounted

Chemical Composition(%)			
Executive Standard	DNV RP B401	GB/T4948-2025:A21	BS EN12496-2013: A3
Zn	2.5-5.75	4.0-7.0	4.75-5.75
In	0.015-0.040	0.020-0.050	0.016-0.020
Cd	≤0.002	/	≤0.002
Si	≤0.12	≤0.10	0.08-0.12
Cu	≤0.003	≤0.01	≤0.003
Fe	≤0.09	≤0.15	≤0.06
Mg	/	0.50-1.50	/
Ti	/	0.01-0.08	/
Other	≤0.10	/	/
Each Impurity	/	/	≤0.02
Total Impurity	/	/	≤0.05
Al	Remainder	Remainder	Remainder

Electrochemical Property			
Executive Standard	DNV RP B401	GB/T4948-2025:A21	BS EN12496-2013:A3
Open Potential(-V,vs SCE)	/	1.10-1.18	/
Closed Potential(-V,vs SCE)	≥1.05	1.05-1.12	1.05-1.12
Actual Capacitance(A·h/kg)	≥2500	≥2600	≥2500
Current Efficiency(%)	/	≥90	/